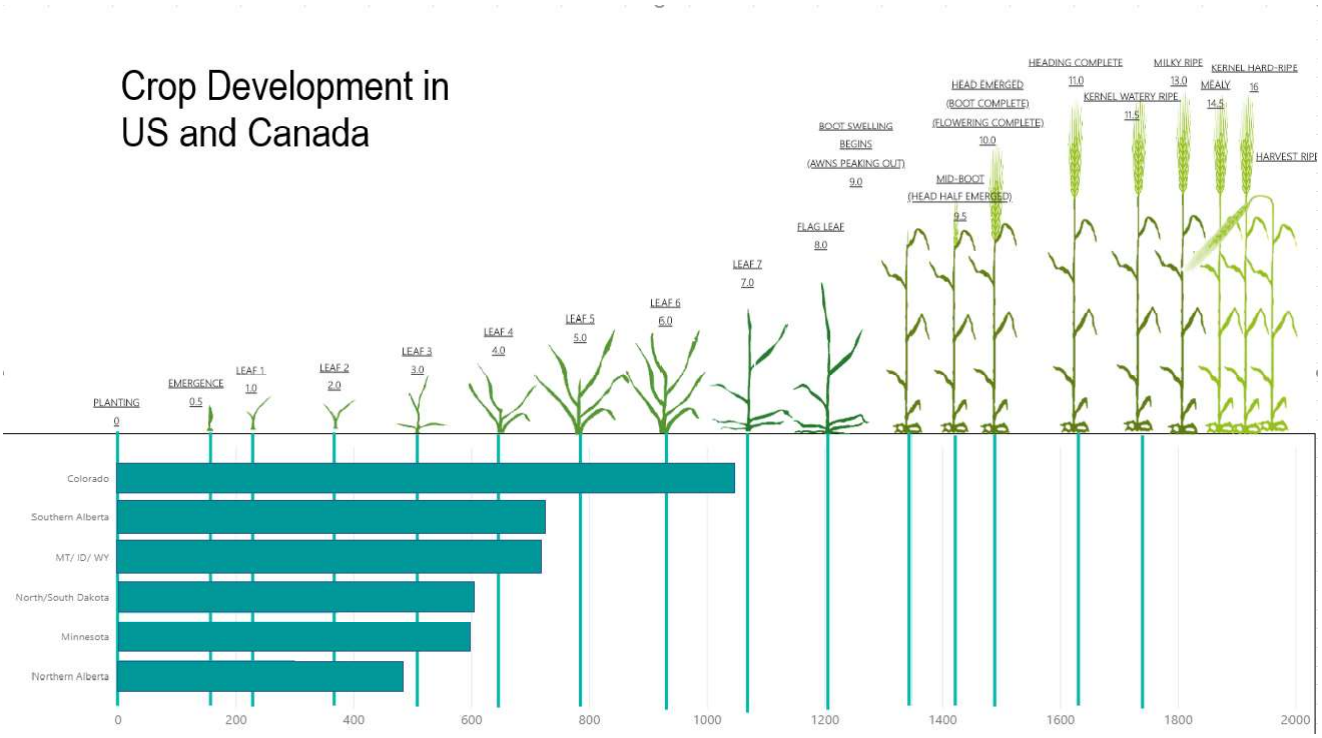
Volume III June 11, 2020

RAHR & GAMBRINUS CROP REPORT



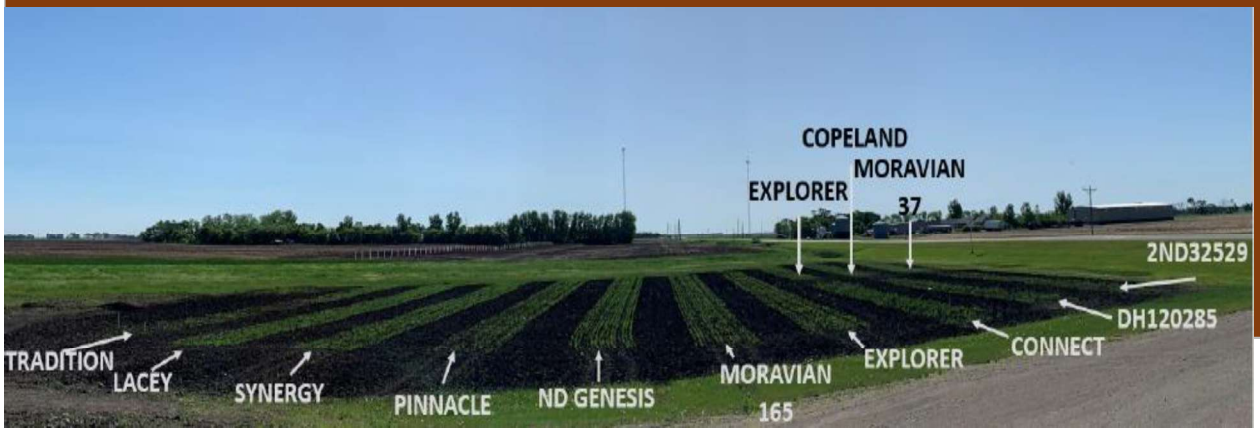
Noteable stages of Crop Development

leaf stage 3 to 5 the plant starts tillering (# of heads per plant)

leaf stage 6 + the plant determines number of kernels per head

Maximum yield potential is now set, all producers can do is protect the potential

Varietal Demonstration Trial at Taft



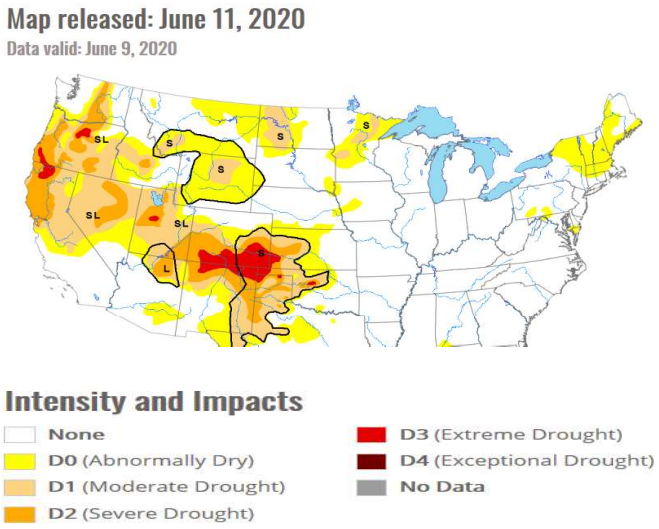
Activity in the Field

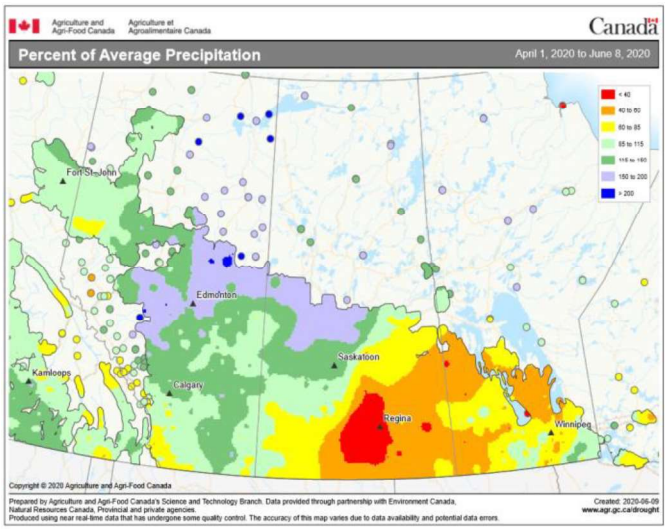
Barley crops are 100% seeded and looking great. Canadian farmers have not had this good of start to the season since 2016. N. Dakota saw rain earlier this week ranging from 3/10 to 1.5 inches. SW Montana and Idaho irrigation is common but rain is still welcome. Farmers are starting to watch for weed control and early signs of fungus.

Early detection of fungal disease on leave in North Dakota.

New variety (Churchill) being multipled for seed, batch testing in the fall to measure success of new variety. Harbin Seed Farm - Marsden Sask.

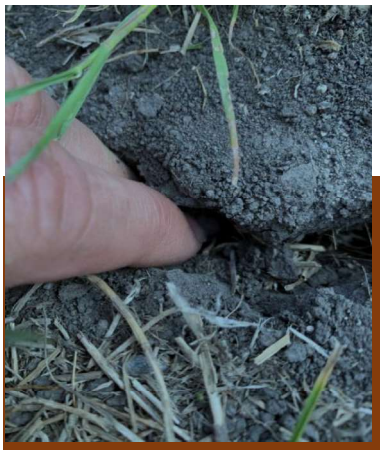
Weather





Barley growing states would welcome rain but crops are not overly stressed at this time.

Barley is grown in mainly the blue, dark green and light green areas of the prairies. Crops have above average moisture so warm temperatures are required rather than moisture at this time.



Clay soils from Red River Valley showing lack of moisture as it starts to crack.

Synergy Barley near Macklin Sask. John Gaard Farms

Summary

Majority of barley acres being grown for Rahr are in average to excellent condition. Moisture in the US and heat in Alberta would be welcome to ensure maximum potential to this years crop.